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Inviailator's Signature :	

2012 DIGITAL IC DESIGN

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the follow	ving :
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 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Channel-less gate array is a sub-type of
 - a) FPGA

b) PLD

c) ASIC

- d) Microprocessor.
- ii) BDD is useful for
 - a) High level synthesis
- b) Logic level synthesis
- c) Testing
- d) Timing analysis.

- iii) FPGA is a
 - a) Full custom design
- b) Semi-custom design
- c) Programmable ASIC
- d) Structured ASIC.

41196 [Turn over



iv) To implement the Boolean function F = AB using static CMOS technology, number of MOSs required is

a) 4

b) 6

c) 8

d) 10.

v) The fastest logic family is

a) TTL

b) CMOS

c) ECL

d) IIL.

vi) The o/p of a logic gate is 1 when all its i/p are at logic 0, the gate is either

- a) NAND of ExOR
- b) NOR or XOR
- c) AND of XNOR
- d) NOR or XNOR.

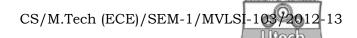
vii) In a half adder having i/ps A and B and two o/ps S for sum, C for carry. The Boolean expression for S & C in terms of A & B is

a)
$$S = AB + BA, C = A + B$$

b)
$$S = (A + B).C, C = AB$$

c)
$$S = AB' + A'B, C = AB$$

d)
$$S = AB' + AB, C = AB'$$
.



- viii) What are the intermediate steps between circuit design and fabrication in VLSI?
 - a) Logic design
 - b) Physical design
 - c) Functional representation
 - d) System specification.
- ix) Dynamic logic circuit is
 - a) Faster than static design
 - b) Slower than static design
 - c) Bigger than static design
 - d) None of these.
- x) VHDL is used for
 - a) Timing analysis
- b) Layout diagram
- c) Logic design
- d) RTL Coding.
- xi) Soft leakage problems of CMOS NORA structure can be reduced using
 - a) TSPC logic
 - b) Zipper CMOS logic
 - c) NM logic
 - d) Cascaded domino logic.



- xii) The sum of products expression of a Boolean function can be realized by
 - a) AOI gates
 - b) OAI gates
 - c) Both (a) and (b)
 - d) None of these.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Write short notes on the following:

 $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$

- i) Standard cell design.
- ii) Routing.
- 3. Sketch a pseudo-nMOS gate that implements the function: 5

$$F = \overline{A(B+C+D) + E. F. G}$$

- 4. a) Draw the 2-input NAND gate using layout technique. 2
 - b) Sketch a 2-input DCVSL OR/NOR gate.

3

- 5. Explain the principles of Built-In Self-Test (BIST). What are the advantages and disadvantages of BIST? 2 + 3
- 6. Explain the different kinds of physical faults that can occur on a CMOS chip and relate them to typical circuit failures. 5

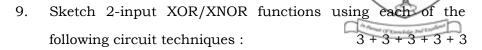
GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. What kind of RAM cell would you use to control a configurable logic block in an FPGA? Design the cell and outline the reasons for your choice. Explain the trade-offs between using a transmission gate or a tri-state buffer to implement an FPGA routing block. Design a static RAM memory cell using DCL logic.

 1 + 5 + 4 + 5
- 8. a) Describe the *n*-well fabrication process with necessary diagram.
 - b) Design a CMOS full adder using Domino logic gates.
 You may assume inputs and their complements are available.



- i) Static CMOS
- ii) Pseudo-*n* MOS
- iii) Dynamic CMOS
- iv) DCVSL
- v) TG.
- 10. Consider the design of a CMOS compound OR-AND-INVERT (OA121) gate computing $F = \overline{(A+B) \cdot C}$
 - a) Sketch a transistor-level schematic.
 - b) Sketch a stick diagram.
 - c) Estimate the area from the stick diagram.
 - d) Lay out your gate with a CAD tool using unit-sized transistor.
 - e) Compare the layout size to the estimated area. 5×3
- 11. a) Define "stuck-at-0", "stuck-at-1" and bridging fault with example. 3 + 3 + 3
 - b) What are the goals of floor planning ? What are the constrains used in floor planning ? Difference between floor plan and placement. 1+2+3

6

41196

- 12. a) What are the advantages of dynamic logic over static logic? Why dynamic logic cannot be cascaded directly? How domino logic solve the cascading problem of dynamic logic? Implement the logic function f = (ab + ca)' using the smallest number of transistor using dynamic logic. 2 + 2 + 2 + 3
 - b) What is hardware description language? What are the advantage and disadvantage of VHDL? 2+4

41196 7 [Turn over