

Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/M.Tech (CI)/SEM-2/CIM-201/2013
2013
CONTROL SYSTEM - II

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Answer *all* questions in Group-A and any *four* questions
selecting *two* from Group-B and *two* from Group-C.

GROUP – A

Answer *all* questions.

1. a) The ITSE quadratic performance index is given by

i) $\int_0^{\infty} te(t)^2 dt$

ii) $\int_0^{\infty} [e(t)^2 + u(t)^2] dt$

iii) $\int_0^{\infty} [e(t)^2 + \lambda u(t)^2] dt$

iv) None of these.

2



- b) Compute the following performance indexes for the system given by $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2\xi s + 1}$ and $\xi \geq 1$ and

$$R(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$

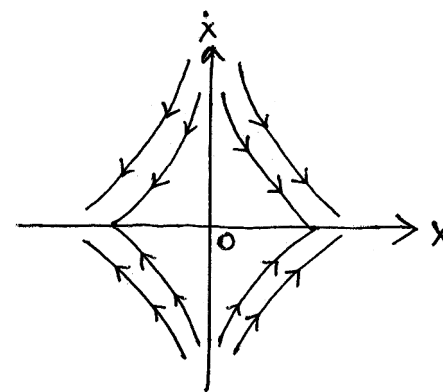
i) $\int_0^\infty e(t) dt$

ii) $\int_0^\infty t e(t) dt$ 2 + 2

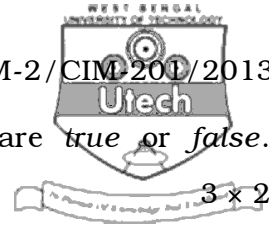
- c) The phase portrait of a non-linear system is shown in the following figure. Here the origin is a

- i) Stable focus
- ii) Stable node
- iii) Vortex
- iv) Saddle point.

Justify your answer.



2



State whether the following sentences are *true or false*.
Justify your answer. 3 × 2

- d) Phase plane technique can be applied for up to third order linear system.
- e) Liapunov's method is used for finding stability of non-linear system only.
- f) System must have low pass filtering characteristic for stability analysis using describing function method.

GROUP – B

Answer any *two* of the following. 2 × 14 = 28

2. An altitude control system for the satellite that utilizes rate feedback is shown in Figure-1. $\theta(t)$ is the actual altitude, $\theta_r(t)$ is the reference attitude which is a step function, and $u(t)$ is the torque developed by the thrusters. Show whether the system is stable using optimal control law. The A , B , C matrix of the system is given below :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

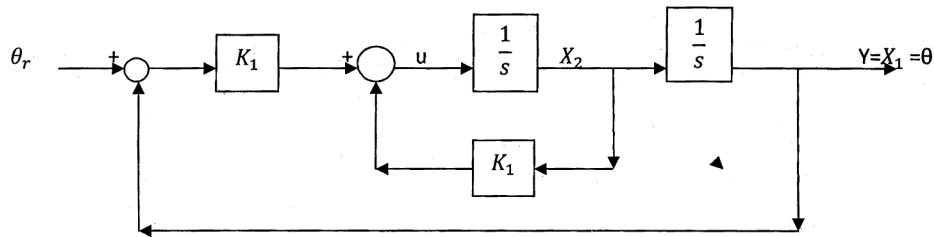
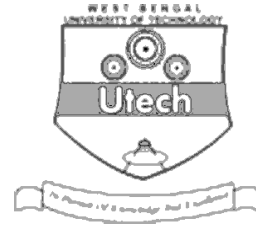


Figure-1



3. a) Derive the Riccati equation.

b) Explain return difference.

11 + 3

4. a) Describe the δ_{SR} method for stability analysis.

b) Consider a unity feedback system with open loop

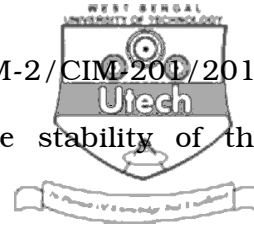
transfer function $G(s) = \frac{4 \cdot 5}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$. The

parametric uncertainty of the coefficients in the

characteristic equation is such that each coefficient has

a variation $\pm 10\%$ over its nominal value. Apply

Kharitnov's method to examine the stability of the



system.

7+ 7

GROUP – C

Answer any *two* of the following. $2 \times 14 = 28$

5. a) The state equations of a non-linear system are available

as

$$\dot{x} = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1^2 - x_2^2 - 2x_1 - 3x_2$$

Determine all points of equilibrium and investigate the

nature of stability in the neighbourhood of these points.

- b) Briefly illustrate the concept occurrence of stable and

unstable limit cycles using describing function method.



Derive the describing function for a non-linear element

with on-off non-linearity followed by dead zone. 7 + 7

6. a) Determine the stability using Lyapunov's second method when the system dynamics is given as :

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1 - 2x_2^2$$

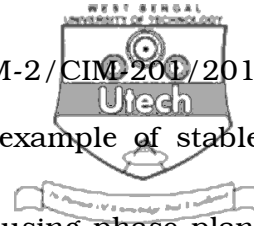
Also validate the asymptotic stability using variable gradient method.

- b) Draw the phase portrait of the system described by the equation

$$e + 2\ddot{\xi} w_n \dot{e} + w_n^2 e = 0$$

when $\xi = 0$, $W_n = 1$ rad/sec and $e(0) = 2$, $\dot{e}(0) = 0$.

7 + 7



7. a) What is limit cycle ? Illustrate the example of stable, unstable and semi-stable limit cycle-using phase plane trajectories. What is Bendixson theorem ?
- b) A non-linear system with Hysteresis type non-linearity is shown in Figure-2. Determine whether the system exhibits limit cycle oscillations. Also determine the frequency of oscillation of such limit cycle, if any

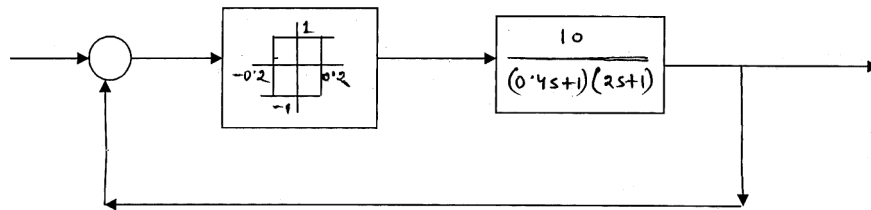


Figure-2

7 + 7