Vame :				••••	
Roll No. :			•••••	•••••	
Invigilato	r's S	ignature :		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	•	CS/B.T	ECH(CSE)/	SEM-6/CS-605/2010	
			2010		
	(DBJECT TEC	CHNOLOG	Y & UML	
Time Alk	otted	: 3 Hours		Full Marks: 70	
	Th	e figures in the 1	margin indico	ute full marks.	
Candid	ates	are required to g	ive their ans	wers in their own words	
			ar as practic		
		G	ROUP - A		
		(Multiple Ch	pice Type Q	uestions)	
1. Cho	ose	the correct alter	natives for th	ne following:	
				$10 \times 1 = 10$	
i)	What is the illegal identifier?				
	a)	int :a;	b)	in_b;	
		int \$c;	d)	int calc_data;	
n)	Wh	Which is not a JAVA keyword?			
	a)	strctfp	b)	synchronized	
	c)	transient	d)	all of these.	
m)	Wh	Which will be compilable abstract class?			
	a)	public abstract class Car { public Bark speak (); }			
	b)	public abstract class Car { public Bark speak () { } }			
	c)	public class Car { public abstract Bark speak (): }			
•	d)	public class speak (); }	Car abstrac	t { public abstract Bark	
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iv) Which is true?

- a) "X extends Y" is correct if an only if X is a class and Y is an interface.
- b) "X extends Y" is correct if an only if X is an interface and Y is a class.
- c) "X extends Y" is correct if X and Y are either both classes and both interfaces.
- d) "X extends Y" is correct for all combinations of X and Y being classes and / or interfaces.
- v) Which is legal declaration?
 - a) short x [];
- b) short [] y:
- c) short [] z [] [];
- d) All of these.
- vi) From any non-sub-class class outside the package, which access is possible?
 - a) Public

b) Protected

c) Default

- d) All of these.
- vii) Which is a primitive type variable declarations?
 - a) char

b) byte

c) double

- d) All of these.
- viii) Which is the exact waterfall of any software development process?
 - a) What How Do it Use Test
 - b) How What Do it Test Use
 - \cdot c) What How Do it Test Use
 - d) How What Do it Use Test.

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- ix) Using class declaration, the "final" key-word means
 - a) the methods in that class will be overridden
 - b) the class can't be sub-classed
 - c) the class would be a super class
 - d) all of these.
- x) In JAVA, Applet is a
 - a) Super Class
- b) Interface
- c) Package
- d) Object.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Explain different access specifiers in Java.
- 3. Explain the static keyword with a suitable Java code.
- 4. a) What do you mean by final, finalize and finally?
 - b) What do you mean by garbage collection in Java? 3 + 2
- 5. Explain Inner class in Java with a simple code.
- 6. Explain the advantage of multithread over single thread.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. a) Explain "Use Case" diagram. What are the essential criteria for ideal use case diagram? What are the "extends" and "includes" constructs in use case diagram? Draw a use case diagram Nursing Home functionality where example of actors are Patient, Doctor, Reception Staff, Billing Staff and Administractor etc.
 - b) Explain State chart and Activity diagram with example. 5

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- 8. a) What are local applet and remote applet?
 - b) What is the difference between Java applets and Java application programs?
 - c) Write a applet program to draw a polygon filling with green colour using rgb format.
 - d) What is package? How do we add a class or an interface to a package?
 - e) What do you mean by CLASSPATH? 2+3+4+4+2
- 9. a) What are exceptions? Explain the user defined exceptions and system defined exceptions with suitable examples.
 - b) How do we define try and catch block? Is it essential to catch all types of exceptions? Explain.
 - c) Briefly explain the use of "this" and "super" keywords? (2+6)+3+4
- 10. a) What do you mean by link and association? Explain their difference.
 - b) What are the differences between a class diagram and an object diagram? How do you indicate public, protected and private members of a class in a class diagram?
 - c) Describe the Component diagram and Deployment diagram. Draw Component and Deployment diagram of the student information system.

 3 + 5 + 7
- 11. a) Explain the difference between method overloading and method overriding. What restrictions are placed on method overloading and method overriding?
 - b) What is multithreading programming? Explain thread life cycle.
 - c) Explain the difference between creating a thread by extending the Tread class and creating a thread by implementing the Runnable interface with suitable programs? 6+4+5

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