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CS/B.TECH/CSE (NEW)/SEM-5/CS-501/2013-14 2013

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

ne Allotted: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

'andidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

Choose the correct alternatives for the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

Full Marks: 70

- Kruskal's algorithm uses and Prim's algorithm uses in determining the MST.
 - a) edges, vertex
- b) vertex, edges
- c) edges, edges
- d) vertex, vertex.
- Level order traversal of a rooted tree can be done by starting from the root and performing
 - a) depth first search
- b) breadth first search
- c) pre-order traversal
- d) in-order traversal.

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- Consider the following three claims 111)
 - $(n+k)^m = O(n^m)$ where k and m are constants. I)
 - $2^{n+1} = O(2^n)$, H)
 - $2^{2n+1} = O(2^n)$ HH)

Which of the following claims are correct?

I and II a)

l and III

II and III C)

- I, II and III.
- Which one is true of the following?
 - All NP-hard problems are NP-complete a)
 - All NP-complete problems are NP-hard b)
 - Some NP-complete problems are NP-hard c)
 - None of these. d)
- Travelling salesman problem belongs to
 - P class

NP class

c) NP-Hard

- NP-complete.
- Time complexity for the relation $T(n) = 2T(\sqrt{n}) + 1$ is
 - θ (n^2) a)

 θ ($n \log n$) b)

 $0 (\log n)$ C)

 θ (n).

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recursively? Binary Search DFS

of

the

Quick Sort C)

Which

None of these.

following cannot be performed

- Which of the following design techniques is used in quick-sort?
 - Dynamic programming
 - Back tracking b)
 - Greedy method C)
 - Divide & Conquer.
- Which of the following functions is asymptotically smallest?
 - 2^n a)

 $n^{\log n}$ bì

C)

- ∛log n
- Optimal sub-structure property is exploited by X)
 - Dynamic programming a)
 - Greedy method b)
 - both (a) & (b) C)
 - d) none of these.

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GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- Find the best and worst case time complexity for merge sort.
- 3. Differentiate between divide-and-conquer and dynamic programming.
- Solve the recurrence relation using generating function $a_n - 7a_{n-1} + 10a_{n-2} = 0$, where $n \ge 2$, $a_0 = 10$, $a_1 = 41$.
- 5. Write an algorithm for n-queen's problem, find its timecomplexity and explain the algorithm using an example.
- Define different asymptotic notation $(0, \theta, \Omega)$ with suitable examples.

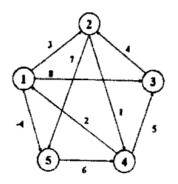
GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. Find the optimal parenthesization of a matrix-chain product whose sequence of dimensions is < 5, 10, 3, 12, 5, 50, and 6>. 5
 - Give an algorithm for the above procedure. b) 3
 - C) Analyze its complexity. 2

Solve the APSP problem using Floyd-Warshall's dì algorithm for the following graph:



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- procedure for Strassen's multiplication to evaluate the product of 'n' matrices. Find the resulting recurrence relation for the same and analyze its time-complexity. Is this method an improvement over the conventional matrix multipliction method? If so, why? 5 + 2 + 1
- Find an optimal solution using greedy method for the knapsack having capacity 100kg for the following items shown below in the table:

Item	Value	Weitht
I	10	15
12	20	25
I_3	30	35
I ₄	40	45
15	50	55

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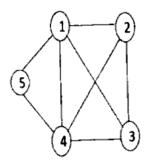
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Which type of knapsack problem cannot be solved using C) the greedy method? Explain your answer 2

Apply backtracking technique to solve the following 9. a) graph-coloring problem and also generate the state 5 space tree:



- Explain the graph coloring problem and write the 2 + 3algorithm for it.
- What is meant by union by rank? Explain with an 5 example.
- Write the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm for pattern 10. a) 4 + 2matching and analyze its complexity.
 - Apply the KMP algorithm for the pattern p = "ababaca"and string s = "bacbabababacaab". Show every step.
 - 2 What is meant by LUP decomposition? c)

- Max-Flow-Min-Cut Theorem a)
- 15-Puzzle Problem bl
- 8-Queen's Problem C)
- **Amortized Analysis** d)
- Dijkstra's Algorithm. e)

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