	Uitedh
Name:	
Roll No.:	To Owner by Exercising and Explained
Invigilator's Signature :	

CS/B.TECH(APM)/SEM-5/APM-504/2011-12 2011

FABRIC GARMENT AND FINISHING CARE

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) Dyeing is done in garment form because
 - a) it is cheap
 - b) it requires less dye
 - c) quickly adopts to fashion change
 - d) production is high.
 - ii) Denim is a fabric
 - a) made of polyester-cotton
 - b) with plain weave
 - c) dyed in fabric form
 - d) with twill weave.
 - iii) Winch is a machine used for
 - a) dyeing of delicate fabric
 - b) dyeing of garment
 - c) dyeing of yarn
 - d) denim wash.

5339 [Turn over

CS/B.TECH(APM)/SEM-5/APM-504/2011-12



- iv) Paddle dyeing requires
 - a) higher liquor
 - b) less liquor
 - c) equal
 - d) undefined liquor
- v) German legislation has banned the use of which the following azo dyes?
 - a) all azo dyes
 - b) dyes releasing certain amines
 - c) none (no azo)
 - d) azo direct dyes only.
- vi) Carbon tetrachloride widely used as stain remover is
 - a) very safe
 - b) non-volatile
 - c) corrosive
 - d) ozone-depleting solvent
- vii) Indigo is widely used for dyeing of denim fabric because it is
 - a) highly wash-fast
- b) poor wash-fast
- c) poor rub-fast
- d) poor light-fast
- viii) Resins are applied as finishing agent to improve
 - a) crease recovery
- b) water-repellency
- c) water-absorbency
- d) softness.

5339 2

- ix) Permanent softness can be achieved by applying
 - a) non-ionic softener
- b) anionic softener
- c) cationic softener
- d) laser treatment.
- x) Which of the following denim wash process is most ecofriendly?
 - a) laser wash
- b) stone wash
- c) acid wash
- d) sand blasting.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. What types (fibres) of garment are dyed in garment dyeing machines? What classes of dyes are used in garment dyeing and why?
- 3. Define eco-friendly, hazardous and ozone-depleting substances with one example each.
- 4. What is toxicity? How is it assessed?
- 5. Name a few hazardous substances popular in textile industry and suggest some eco-friendly substitutes.
- 6. Why and for what type of garment, dry cleaning is done? Name a few dry cleaning solvents.
- 7. On what factors serviceability, durability and dimension stability of fabric/apparels depend? 2 + 2 + 1

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.



- 8. What are the advantages and disadvantages of paddle type garment dyeing machines? Describe a paddle type garment dyeing machine with sketch.
- 9. What is German ban? What type of dyes are banned and why are those banned? Describe the different ways in which pollution can be reduced in textile industry.
- 10. What are meant by eco-auditing and eco-labelling? Describe Oeko-tex standard 100 or any other eco-label in brief.
- 11. What is denim wash? Name different denim washing techniques and describe a method of denim wash in details.
- 12. What are the different types of finishes applied in garment form? Describe a few in brief.
- 13. What do you meant by Uv-Protection finish of garment and what is Sun-Protection Factor (SPF) ? How is SPF measured? 5+5+5

5339 4