| Name: | A |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Roll No.: | To plant O'Complete and Explored |
| Invigilator's Signature : | |

CS/BHSM/SEM-1/HPM-107/2012-13

2012 NUTRITION AND FOOD SCIENCE

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

| | | | (Multiple Choice Ty | pe Q | uestions) | |
|--|--|-------|----------------------------|-------|--------------------|--|
| 1. | Cho | ose t | the correct alternatives f | or th | e following : | |
| | | | | | $10 \times 1 = 10$ | |
| | i) Thiamine containing coenzyme is | | | | | |
| | | a) | FAD | b) | NAD | |
| | | c) | TPP | d) | PALPO. | |
| ii) Beriberi occurs due to deficiency of | | | | | | |
| | | a) | Ascorbic acid | b) | Niacin | |
| | | c) | Thiamine | d) | Riboflavin. | |
| | iii) Most limiting amino acid in pulses is | | | | | |
| | | a) | Leucine | b) | Lysine | |
| | | c) | Methionine | d) | Valine. | |
| | iv) The reproductive process of yeast is termed as | | | | | |
| | | a) | Binary fission | b) | Budding | |

1302 [Turn over

d)

None of these.

Sporulation

CS/BHSM/SEM-1/HPM-107/2012-13

| | | | | <u>Uffecta</u> | |
|-------|--|------------------------|----|----------------------|--|
| v) | The largest component of daily energy demand is | | | | |
| | a) | Physical activity | b) | Basal metabolic rate | |
| | c) | Thermogenesis | d) | None of these. | |
| vi) | Veg | etable oils contain no | | | |
| | a) | Cholesterol | b) | Triglyceride | |
| | c) | Fatty acids | d) | Glycerol. | |
| vii) |) Richest plant source of protein is | | | | |
| | a) | Saya bean | b) | Rajmah | |
| | c) | Red gram dal | d) | Lentil. | |
| viii) |) Most abundant intracellular mineral is | | | | |
| | a) | Sodium | b) | Potassium | |
| | c) | Calcium | d) | Iron. | |
| ix) | Daily requirement of calcium for a non-pregnant no lactating normal adult woman is | | | | |
| | a) | 400 mg | b) | 600 mg | |
| | c) | 800 mg | d) | 1000 mg. | |
| x) | Permitted yellow colour for food is | | | | |
| | a) | Metanil yellow | b) | Sunset yellow | |
| | c) | Rhodamin - B | d) | All of these. | |

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Write short notes on any three from the following.
 - a) Pasteurization
 - b) HACCP
 - c) Essential amino acids
 - d) Protein Energy Malnutrition
 - e) Cryogenic freezing
 - f) Mutual supplementation.

1302



(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 3. Define and Classify vitamin. Write in detail the function of vitamin A and C. 2 + 5 + 8
- Define food borne disease. How food borne diseases are 4. classified? Enlist few preventive measures to inhibit the multiplication of micro-organisms in food.
- 5. Write down four important food sources of iron. What are the functions of iron in the body? Critically discuss the effect of 2 + 8 + 5deficient and excess intake of iron.
- 6. What are the common sources of food contamination? Discuss the factors that affect the growth of micro-organisms in food.
- 7. Classify carbohydrates. What the functions are carbohydrate in the body. Critically discuss the effect of low 3 + 7 + 5and high carbohydrate intake.
- What is food adulteration? Write down one simple test for 8. the determination of a common adulterant in milk, ghee, laddoo, mustard seeds. Briefly discuss the functioning of 2 + 8 + 5Food Safety and Standards Authority of India.

1302 3 [Turn over