	Utech
Name :	
Roll No.:	A Date of Exercising and Explana
Invigilator's Signature :	

CS/BCA/SEM-2/BCA-202/2012

2012

INFORMATION SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) The major goal of requirement determination phase of information system development is
 - a) Determine whether information is needed by an organisation
 - b) Determine what information is needed by an organisation
 - c) Determine how information needed by an organisation can be provided
 - d) Determine when information is to be given.
- ii) The role of a system analyst drawing up a requirement specification is similar to
 - a) architect designing a building
 - b) a structural engineer designing a building
 - c) a contractor constructing a building
 - d) the workers who construct a building.

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- iii) A rectangle in a DFD represents
 - a) a process
- b) a data store
- c) an external entity
- d) an input unit.
- iv) Normalization is a process restructuring a relation to
 - a) Minimize duplication of data in a database
 - b) Maximize duplication of data to ensure reliability
 - c) Make it of uniform size
 - d) Allow addition of data.
- v) Data inputs which require coding are
 - a) fields which specify prices
 - b) key fields
 - c) name fields such as product name
 - d) fields which are of variable length.
- vi) A data dictionary has information about
 - a) Every data element in a dataflow
 - b) Only key data element in a dataflow
 - c) Only the important data elements in a dataflow
 - d) Only the numeric data elements in dataflow.
- vii) When a system interfaces with other types of systems then that time the testing that will be required is
 - a) volume testing
 - b) configuration testing
 - c) compatibility testing
 - d) only numeric data elements in a dataflow.
- viii) A decision table
 - a) has a structured English equivalent representation
 - b) cannot be represented using structured English
 - c) does not have equivalent algorithmic representation
 - d) cannot be used to represent processes in a DFD.

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- ix) Code review for a model is carried out
 - a) as soon as skeletal code written
 - b) before the module is successfully compiled
 - c) after the module is successfully compiled and all the syntax errors are eliminated
 - d) before the module is successfully compiled and the syntax errors are eliminated.
- x) Prototype means
 - a) a small dummy of the actual system
 - b) a step in SDLC
 - c) both of these
 - d) none of these,

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Sketch a neat diagram of Spiral Model of Software Life Cycle.
- 3. Define Prototype. Explain Top-down and Bottom-up approaches of Prototype Model.
- 4. Write the differences between Waterfall Approach and Prototype Approach.
- 5. Explain the various operations of Feasibility Study Phase and System Design Phase of SDLC.
- 6. Write the advantages and disadvantages of Prototype Model.



(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.



- 7. a) List out several reasons why Software Project becomes 'failure'.
 - b) If any Software Project does not follow the SDLC, then what are the problems will be faced by that Project?

8 + 7

- 8. a) Explain the various types of Design methods? Write the disadvantages of Software Design Phase of SDLC.
 - b) Write various types of "COHESION".
 - c) List out the reasons for why Software Project becomes successful. 5 + 5 + 5
- 9. a) Discuss the selection process parameters for a Life Cycle Model.
 - b) Explain "Iterative Model" in detail.

9 + 6

- 10. a) Define Database, DBMS, Entity, Primary Key, Candidate Key, Alternate Key and Super Key.
 - b) Write the advantages of Data Dictionary and types of Data Dictionary.
 - c) List out various responsibilities of DBA.
 - d) Write various properties of Primary key Why do we choose Relational Model among other Models?

6 + 3 + 3 + 3

- 11. a) Define Normalization. Explain 1NF to 3NF through an example.
 - b) Define Partial Functional Dependency and Transitive Functional Dependency
 - c) What is the difference between the following?
 - (i) Alpha Testing
 - (ii) Development and Regression testing
 - (iii) Functional and Structural Resting. 7 + 2 + 6

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