

CS/M.TECH (ME)/SEM-2/MMT-205A/2011

# 2011 <br> RELIABILITY 

Time Allotted: 3 Hours
Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer any five questions. $\quad 5 \times 14=70$

1. A manufacturer of light bulbs is interested in estimating the mean life of bulbs. 200 bulbs are subjected to testing. The bulbs are observed and the failures in 1000 time intervals are recorded as follows :

| Time Intervals (hour) | Failures (Nos.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0-1000$ | 100 |
| $1001-2000$ | 40 |
| $2001-3000$ | 20 |
| $3001-4000$ | 15 |
| $4001-5000$ | 10 |
| $5001-6000$ | 8 |
| $6001-7000$ | 7 |

Evaluate hazard rate. failure density function and reliability and plot these functions against time.
2. A manufacturer of light bulbs is interested in estimating the mean life of bulds. 200 bulbs are subjected to testing. The bulbs are observed and the failures in 1000 time intervals are recorded as follows :

| Time interval (h) | Failures |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-1000$ | 100 |
| $1001-2000$ | 40 |
| $2001-3000$ | 20 |
| $3001-4000$ | 15 |
| $4001-5000$ | 10 |
| $5001-6000$ | 8 |
| $6001-7000$ | 7 |

Plot the failure density function, hazard rate function and the reliability from the data.
3. In a nuclear plant, the times to failure (in hours) of the feedwater pumps are recorded. Use the total-time-on test plot to evaluate the failure data.

| i | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}} \times 10^{4}$ | $(\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{i}+1)\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}-1}\right) \times 10^{4}$ | $\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}}\right) \times 10^{4}$ | $\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.14 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 0.14 |
| 2 | 0.35 | 1.89 | 3.29 | 0.33 |
| 3 | 0.59 | 1.92 | 5.21 | 0.53 |
| 4 | 0.76 | 1.19 | 6.40 | 0.65 |
| 5 | 0.86 | 0.60 | 7.00 | 0.71 |
| 6 | 0.90 | 0.20 | 7.20 | 0.73 |
| 7 | 1.16 | 1.04 | 8.24 | 0.83 |
| 8 | 1.20 | 0.12 | 8.36 | 0.84 |
| 9 | 1.91 | 1.42 | 9.78 | 0.99 |
| 10 | 2.04 | 0.13 | 9.91 | 1.00 |

 reliability from the basic definition of hazard rate.
5. What is meant by 'redundancy' and why is it so important in the satisfactory working of a system ? Classify various types of redundancy and explain the significant difference in working of each type.
6. Discuss in detail fault tree analysis and its qualitative and quantitative evaluation. Outline the symbology of fault trees and explain them in detail.
7. a) Explain the concept of burn-in test.
b) Determine the burn-in test time for a new product. The product after reliability growth testing, has a Weibull failure distribution with $\beta=0.3$ and $0-3,750,000$ hour. Contract specifications require 0.95 reliability at 1000 operating hours.
8. What is sequential testing ?

Develop a sequential test for the CFR model to test the null hypothesis that the MTTF $=100$ hour versus the alternate hypothesis that the MTTF $=50$ hours. Set $\alpha=0.1$ and $\beta=$ 0.5 . What is the minimum number of failures necessary to reject the null hypotheses, and what is the minimum time on test before the null hypothesis may be accepted ?
9. Calculate the reliabilities of the systems shown in the tigures

- (a), (b) and (c) :

(a)

(b)

(c)

