



Name : .....

Roll No. : .....

Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS/M.Tech(GET)/SEM-3/GTE-302A/2012-13  
2012**

**GEOTECHNICAL EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

Answer any five questions.

5 × 14 = 70

1. What is the primary cause of continental drift ? An earthquake causes an average of 2.5 m strike-slip displacement over an 80 km deep portion of a transform fault. Assuming the rock along the fault had average rupture strength of 175 kPa, estimate the seismic moment.
2. Assuming  $p$  and  $s$  waves travelled through the crust at 6 km/sec and 3 km/sec respectively, estimate the epicentral location of the hypothetical earthquake whose characteristics are given below :

<b><i>Seismograph</i></b>	<b><i>p wave arrival time</i></b>	<b><i>s wave arrival time</i></b>
A ( 0, 0 )	06 : 11 : 18.93	06 : 11 : 26.40
B ( 40, 250 )	06 : 11 : 14.843	06 : 11 : 18.71
C ( 250, 40 )	06 : 11 : 17.26	06 : 11 : 23.53

( Coordinates are in km )



3. Develop the governing equation of longitudinal elastic wave in a rod of infinite length. What is the value of longitudinal wave propagation velocity ? Find the relation between particle velocity and wave velocity in such case. For a typical value of  $\mu = 0.3$ , find the ratio between  $p$  and  $s$  wave velocities.
4. State Snell's law. Explain the principle of seismic refraction test. For a single horizontal layer, find the expression for thickness of the layer from such test.
5. What are the important characteristics of primary significance for strong ground motion ? Describe with a neat sketch an SDOF seismograph. Give the expression for the ratio  $\frac{|u|}{|ug|}$ , where  $u$  is seismograph trace displacement and  $|ug|$  is the ground displacement.
6. What is meant by liquefaction ? State the effects of liquefaction in a vulnerable site. Develop a flow chart for liquefaction susceptibility assessment at a site.
7. Explain Wallace's solution for dynamic bearing capacity of a long footing. State the assumption made in developing the analysis.



8. Write short notes on the following :

- a) Counter measures against liquefaction
- b) Different hazards caused by ground shaking
- c) Peak horizontal acceleration ( PHA ) and its relation to earthquake intensity
- d) Seismic downhole test
- e) Elastic rebound theory.

=====