



Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/M.Tech (ECE)/SEM-1/MCE-103/2010-11

2010-11

ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Answer Question No. 1 and any *four* from the rest.

1. Answer *all* questions : 7 × 2

- a) Do you compute energy and power of a discrete signal simultaneously ? Justify your answer with an example.
- b) Define the necessary and sufficient condition that must be satisfied for the digital filter to be causal and realizable.
- c) What are the significance of the position of poles and zeros to design a filter in Z-domain ?

- d) Among the following systems point out which one has minimum, maximum and mixed phase :

i) $H_1(z) = 6 + z^{-1} - z^{-2}$

ii) $H_2(z) = 1 + 5z^{-1}/3 - 2z^{-2}/3$

iii) $H_3(z) = 1 - 5z^{-1}/2 - 3z^{-2}/2$

iv) $H_4(z) = 1 - z^{-1} - 6z^{-2}$.

- e) A signal has 1024 samples. How many levels of Haar transform are possible ? What is the significance of fluctuating part in Wavelet transform ?
- f) What would be the problem if your system is not a LTI system ?
- g) What is Kalman filter and what can it do ?

2. a) The following input-output pairs have been observed during a time-invariant system :

$$x_1[n] = \{1, 0, 2\} \xrightarrow{T} y_1[n] = \{0, 1, 0, 2\}$$

$$x_2[n] = \{0, 0, 3\} \xrightarrow{T} y_2[n] = \{0, 1, 0, 2\}$$

$$x_3[n] = \{0, 0, 0, 1\} \xrightarrow{T} y_3[n] = \{1, 2, 1\}$$

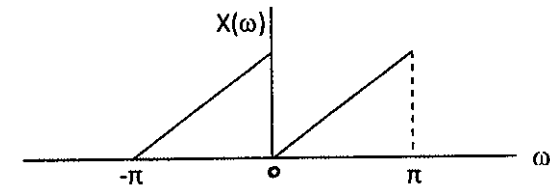
Can you draw any conclusion regarding the linearity of the system ? What is the impulse response ?

- b) Show that a relaxed LTI system is causal if and only if

$$h[n] = 0 \text{ for } n < 0.$$

- c) Determine the signal $x[n]$ if its Fourier transform is as

given below :



- d) Show that the Fourier transform of the correlation

between the signal $x_1[n]$ and $x_2[n]$ is $X_1(\omega) X_2^*(-\omega)$.

$$4 + 3 + 4 + 3$$

3. a) What is the difference between Steady state and

Transient response to sinusoidal input signals ?

- b) Give an idea how a LTI system can be used as a

frequency selective filter.

c) Consider the filter : $y[n] = 0.9y[n-1] + bx[n]$.

i) Determine b so that $|H(\omega)| = 0$.

ii) Determine the frequency at which $|H(\omega)| = 1/\sqrt{2}$.

iii) Is this a LPF, HPF or BPF ? Justify your answer.

d) Knowing $|H(\omega)|^2$, do you determine $H(z)$? Explain.

$$2 + 4 + (1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} + 2) + 3$$

4. a) Compute the DFT of the 4-point sequence

$x[n] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ using matrix method.

b) Determine the output response $y[n]$, if $h[n] = \{1, 1, 1\}$;

$x[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 1\}$ by using Circular convolution. Under

what condition is the result of Circular convolution

same as Linear convolution ?

c) Compute a 4-point DFT of a sequence $x[n] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$

using DIT-FET.

$$4 + (3 + 2) + 5$$

5. a) What kind of extra features you can get from Wavelet transform over Fourier ?
- b) How conservation and compaction of energy are supported in Haar Wavelet transform with respect to the signal $f = (4, 6, 10, 12, 8, 6, 5, 5)$?
- c) What is the significance of MRA ? Derive an expression of 2 level Haar transform in terms of second average signal (A^2) and first and second detail signal D^1 and D^2 respectively.
6. a) For the desired frequency response $H_d(\omega)$, explain the method of designing the linear phase filter of odd length by frequency sampling method with symmetric unit impulse response.

2 + 5 + 7

- b) Determine the coefficients of linear phase FIR filter of length 15 and symmetric unit impulse response and a frequency response that satisfies

$$H_r(2\pi k/15) = 1 \text{ for } k = 0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$= 0.4 \text{ for } k = 4$$

$$= 0 \text{ for } k = 5, 6, 7. \quad 9 + 5$$

7. a) Define covariance of two random variables x_1 and x_2 .
- b) Consider an object falling under a constant gravitational field. Let $y(t)$ denotes the height of object. Show that only the estimated state from the previous time step and the current measurement are needed to compute the estimate of current state.
- c) If the state of the recursive estimation is represented by following two parameters.
- $\hat{X}_{k/k}$, the posterior establishment at time k given observation up to and including at time k , and
 - $P_{k/k}$, the posterior error covariance matrix (a measure of accuracy of the state estimate),

Explain the two phase 'Predict' and 'Update' of the estimator. 2 + 5 + 7

8. a) Explain the energy density spectrum of a continuous signal $x_a(t)$ sampled at a uniform sampling rate F_s to result the sequence $x[n]$.
- b) Compute energy density spectrum of $x_a(t)$ from its samples $x[n]$. Consider $x[n]$ to be of finite duration.
- 5 + 9

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