

Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/M.Tech (ECE)/SEM-1/MC-101/2010-11

2010-11

**ADVANCE ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS FOR
COMMUNICATIONS**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

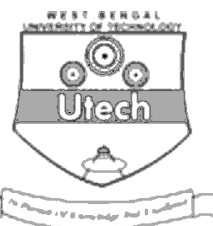
*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

GROUP – A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

1. Answer all the following : 5 × 2 = 10

- a) Write the advantages and disadvantages of Graeffe's root squaring method to solve an algebraic equation.
- b) Write the limitations of an L.P.P.
- c) Define pure birth model in Queuing theory.
- d) Define even and odd functions and given its implication on Fourier series. For what kind of signal Fourier series can not be applied to find the spectrum ?
- e) Prove that for a complex variable $z = x + jy$, $z^{-1} = \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|^2}$.



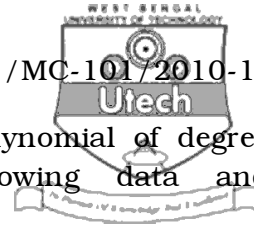
GROUP – B

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *four* of the following.

4 × 15 = 60

2. a) Derive the condition of convergence of Newton-Raphson method to approximate a root algebraic or transcendental equations. 4
- b) Write the geometrical interpretation of Newton-Raphson method. 4
- c) By Graeffe's method, compute the roots of the equation $x^3 - 13x^2 + 47x - 35 = 0$, correct up to four decimal places. 7
3. Arrival at a telephone booth are considered to be Poisson, with an average time of 10 minutes between one arrival and the next. The length of a phone call is assumed to be distributed exponentially with mean 3 minutes.
- i) What is the probability that a person arriving at the booth will have to wait ?
- ii) Find the average no. of units of the system.
- iii) Find the probability that a customer will have to wait more than 10 minutes before the phone is free.
- iv) Find the probability that there are more than 5 customers waiting for call. 15



4. a) Find by Lagrange's formula the polynomial of degree three in x by using the following data and compute $f(2.3)$.

$$\begin{array}{l} x : 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \\ f(x) : 1 \quad 2 \quad 11 \quad 34 \end{array}$$

7

- b) Solve graphically the following L.P.P. :

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 6, 6x_1 + 3x_3 \geq 12, 2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 6, x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

6

- c) Write the limitations of Graphical solution of linear programming problem.

2

5. a) Define a complex analytic signal $f(z)$, where $z = x + jy$. If $u(x, y)$ and $v(x, y)$ are real-valued functions, such that $f(z) = u(x, y) + jv(x, y)$, define Cauchy-Riemann relations for the functions to be conformal.

3

- b) Show that $f(z) = \ln(z^2)$ satisfy Cauchy-Riemann relations.

4

- c) Find $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$, by contour integration.

8

6. a) A trigger pulse is defined by

$$\begin{aligned} \delta(t) &= \frac{1}{\tau}; 0 \leq t \leq \tau \\ &= 0; t > \tau \rightarrow 0 \end{aligned}$$

Determine the frequency spectrum of this signal and show its graphical representation.

5

- b) The probability density function of a random signal is given by :

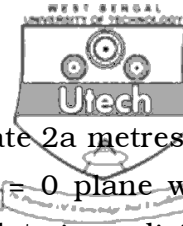
$$p(x) = Ke^{-|x|}.$$

Determine the probability of occurrence of outcome X within ± 1 .

5

- c) State and prove Chebyshev's inequality in random process.

5



7. An electrically charged square conducting plate $2a$ metres on each side is symmetrically placed on the $z = 0$ plane with centre at the origin. If the thickness of the plate is negligible small and $\sigma (x, y)$ represents the surface charge density on the plate,

- Find an expression of capacitance of the plate
 - Show graphical representation of the charge density distribution on the plate.
- 12 + 3

8. A shielded strip line shown below is excited by a voltage $1V$ at the centre plate while the outer shield is grounded. Determine the characteristic impedance of the line using FDM.
- 15

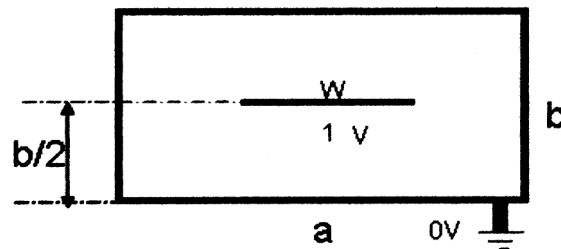


Fig.

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