	Utech
Name :	
Roll No. :	A Down by Sample and Carlotte
Invigilator's Signature :	

# CS/MMA/SEM-3/MMARM-304/2010-11 2010-11

## ORGANISATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### **GROUP - A**

### (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following:  $10 \times 1 = 10$ 
  - i) International economic regulation operates on two levels. Which are these ?
    - a) political and economic
    - b) unipolar and multipolar
    - c) regional and global
    - d) financial and political.
  - ii) International trade growth is most visible in
    - a) NAFTA countries
    - b) Developed countries
    - c) European Union countries
    - d) Developing countries.

40734 [ Turn over

# CS/MMA/SEM-3/MMARM-304/2010-11

iii)	As global trade is growing, global competition is			
	a)	threatening	b)	leveling off
	c)	declining	d)	intensifying.
iv)	A is one that, by operating in more the one country, contains marketing, production, resear and development and financial advantages that are reavailable to purely domestic competitors.			ng, production, research advantages that are not
	a)	global industry	b)	global firm
	c)	direct investment	d)	none of these.
v)	Which of the following is designed to help foster trade between nations?			
	a) non-tariff trade barriers			
	b)	quotas		
	c)	GATT		
	d)	exchange controls.		
vi)	The simplest way to enter a foreign market is through			
	a)	joint venturing		
	b)	exporting		
	c)	direct investment		
	d)	contract manufacturin	ıg.	
vii)	At least four political-legal factors should be considered in deciding whether to do business in a given country. Which is <i>not</i> one of these factors?			
	a)	attitudes toward inter	natio	nal buying
	b)	whether a state religio	n is e	enforced
	c)	government bureaucra	acy	
	d)	monetary regulations.		

- viii) All of the following are the methods of counter trade *except*?
  - a) bartering goods and services
  - b) paying the seller's currency without further obligation
  - c) counter purchasing
  - d) buyback.
- ix) Some social critics say that globalization really means ...... the world's cultures.
  - a) Modernizing
- b) Americanizing
- c) Respecting
- d) Stabilizing.
- x) ...... has (have) been criticized by globalization protestors all over the world, especially when anti-American sentiment peaks.
  - a) KFC

- b) Coca-Cola
- c) McDonald's
- d) All of these.

#### **GROUP - B**

### (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 2. State the role of NAFTA in promoting trade among its member countries.
- 3. Highlight the mode of engagement in foreign markets.
- 4. What are the different patterns of agriculture trade?
- 5. State the role of co-operatives.
- 6. Compare and contrast international business with domestic business.

## CS/MMA/SEM-3/MMARM-304/2010-11

### **GROUP - C**



Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 7. What is ethical behaviour ? How do ethical dilemmas complicate the workplace ? How can high ethical standards be maintained ? 3+6+6
- 8. Explain tariff and non-tariff barriers to international trade. What are the arguments for protectionism? 10 + 5
- Critically explain the importance of ownership/investment in the context of foreign market entering and expansion strategy. Give example.
- 10. Describe the various WTO agreements. How far has India benefited by becoming a member of WTO. State the role of WTO on agriculture. 5+5+5
- 11. Why are strategic alliances grown in popularity in recent years? What are the factors need to be considered in selecting alliance partners? 7+8

40734 4