



**MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF
TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL**

Paper Code : PC-EE-303 / PC-EEE-303

PUID : 03521 (To be mentioned in the main answer script)

ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own
words as far as practicable.*

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) The constant a for a solenoidal vector field

$$F = 2x + 3yi + 3y - 2zj + (y + az)k \text{ is}$$

- | | |
|------|-------|
| a) 5 | b) -5 |
| c) 8 | d) 3. |

- ii) The work done by the Lorentz force F on a charged particle is

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| a) $F \cdot dr$ | b) 0 |
| c) q / ϵ_0 | d) qF . |

- iii) The 'dot' product of two vectors perpendicular to each other is
- a) zero b) maximum
c) 1 d) - 1.
- iv) What causes electromagnetic wave polarization ?
- a) Refraction
b) Reflection
c) Longitudinal nature of electromagnetic wave
d) Transverse nature of electromagnetic wave.
- v) The electric field intensity at a point situated 4 metres from a point charge is 200 N/C. If the distance is reduced to 2 metres, the field intensity will be
- a) 400 N/C b) 600 N/C
c) 800 N/C d) 1200 N/C.
- i) The electric dipole moment is directed from
- a) + q to - q
b) - q to + q
c) perpendicular to the line joining + q and - q
d) none of these.

- vii) The divergence of $G = xa_x + ya_y + za_z$ at point $P(2, 2, 2)$ is
- a) 1 b) 2
c) 3 d) 4.
- viii) For transmission line load matching over a wide range of frequencies, it is best to use a
- a) balun
b) broadband directional coupler
c) double stub
d) single stub of adjustable position.
- ix) Maxwell's equation is not completely symmetrical because
- a) isolated magnetic charges do not exist
b) it is difficult to get curl of a vector in spherical co-ordinates
c) $\nabla \cdot \vec{D}$ is always zero
d) $\nabla \times \vec{H}$ does not exist in free space.
- x) The force on a current element due to a magnetic field is zero if the angle between the current element and magnetic field is
- a) zero b) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ d) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

xi) Solid angle $d\omega$ subtended by a small surface element $(d\vec{A})$ θ when θ is kept constant at the origin is

- a) $\sin \theta d\theta d\phi$ b) zero
c) $\sin \theta d\theta dr$ d) $d\phi d\theta dr$.

xii) The value of $\oint d\vec{l}$ along a circle of radius 2 units is

- a) 0 b) 2π
c) 4π d) none of these.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

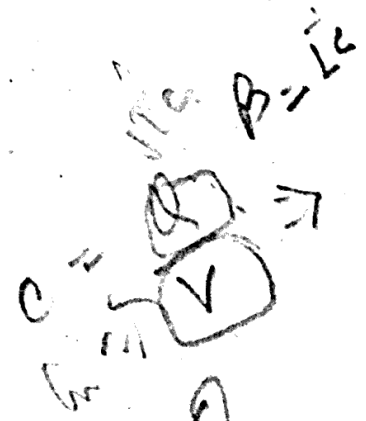
Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- ✓ 2. State and prove Gauss's law in electrostatics.
3. In a loss-less transmission line, the velocity of propagation is 2.5×10^8 m/s. If the capacitance of the line is 30 pF, find the inductance of the line, the characteristic impedance and phase constant at 100 MHz.
4. State and prove Helmholtz theorem.

**-3804/3(N)

4

100 MHz



5. What values of A and B are required if the two fields
 $\vec{E} = 120\pi \cos(10^6 \pi t - \beta x) \hat{a}_y, V/m$ and
 $\vec{H} = A \cos(10^6 \pi t - \beta x) \hat{a}_z, A/m$ satisfy Maxwell's
 equations in linear isotropic homogeneous medium
 where $\epsilon_r = \mu_r = 4$ and $\alpha = 0$?
6. A capacitor is charged to a certain potential by a battery
 through a resistance of 3 mega ohm. If it reaches $\frac{2}{3}$ of
 its final potential in 0.6 s, calculate its capacitance.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) Show that for a transmission line
 $Z_0^2 = (Z_i)_{SC} (Z_i)_{OC}$ where, Z_0 is the characteristic
 impedance of the line, $(Z_i)_{SC}$ and $(Z_i)_{OC}$ are the
 short-circuit and open-circuit impedance of the line
 respectively. 4
- b) A 300 m long line has $R = 4.5 \text{ K}\Omega$, $L = 0.15 \text{ mH}$,
 $G = 60 \text{ m mho}$ and $C = 12 \text{ nF}$ operated at
 $f = 6 \text{ MHz}$. Find the characteristic impedance of the
 line, propagation constant and velocity of
 propagation. $3 + 3 + 2$
- c) For a distortion-less transmission line, show that
 the phase velocity is given by $v_p = 1/\sqrt{LC}$, where
 L and C are the inductance and capacitance per
 unit length of the line respectively. 3

8. a) What is polarization of the electromagnetic wave ? 4
 b) For a lossy dielectric material having $\mu_r = 1, \epsilon_r = 48, \sigma = 20 \text{ S/m}$ calculate the attenuation constant, phase constant and intrinsic impedance at a frequency of 16 GHz. 3 + 3 + 3
 c) What is Poynting vector ? 2
9. a) Using Biot-Savart's law prove that $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$ 5
 b) If at any position vector potential $\vec{A} = 5(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\hat{i}$ evaluate the magnetic field at that position. 3
 c) Compare the electrostatic field and magnetic field. 2
 d) Show that for a finite current distribution $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$. State the condition under which magnetic scalar potential exists. 4 + 1
10. a) A solenoid has length 2 m and mean diameter 0.05 m. It has four layers of 1000 turns each. Calculate the flux density at its centre when a current of 2.5 A flows through it. 6
 b) Two straight wires each 10 cm long are parallel to one another and separated by a distance of 2 cms. They carry currents of 30 amps and 40 amps respectively. Calculate the force experienced by either of the wires. 6
 c) What is Lorentz force in magnetostatics ? 3

11. a) Evaluate $\iiint_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} dV$ where V is the volume of the cubical box bounded by the planes $x = 0, x = 1; y = 0, y = 1; z = 0, z = 1$. 5
- b) Show that $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \phi = \nabla^2 \phi$. 5
- c) If $\phi = x^2 - y^2 + 2z$, find $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \phi$. 5
-