

**CS/B.Tech/(EE-NEW)/SEM-6/EE-605B/2013**

**2013**

**COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

*Time Allotted : 3 Hours*

*Full Marks : 70*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**GROUP - A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

10 × 1 = 10

i) The PCM signal can be generated by amplitude modulating

- a) PAM                                      b) PWM
- c) PPM                                      d) PDM.

ii) Adaptive delta modulation preferred over delta modulation as

- a) it gives better noise performance
- b) it uses lesser bits for encoding the signal
- c) it does not suffer from slop over load and threshold effect
- d) it has simpler circuitry

iii) Entropy is basically measure of

- a) Rate of Information
- b) Average Information
- c) Probability of Information
- d) Channel capacity.

iv) A source delivers symbols  $m_1, m_2, m_3$  and  $m_4$  with probability  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}$  and  $\frac{1}{8}$  respectively. The entropy of the system is

- a) 1.7 bits/sec                                      b) 1.75 bits/symbols
- c) 1.75 symbols                                      d) 1.75 symbols/bit

v) The main advantage of PCM system is

- a) Lower bandwidth                                      b) Lower Power
- c) Lower Noise                                      d) None of these.

vi) The highest modulating frequency used in AM broadcast system is

- a) 5 kHz                                      b) 10 kHz
- c) 15 kHz                                      d) 2 MHz.

vii) Which multiplexing technique transmits analog signal ?

- a) FDM                                      b) TDM
- c) WDM                                      d) Both (a) and (b).

viii) The bit rate of a digital communication system is 34 Mbps. The modulation scheme is QPSK. The baud rate of the system is

- a) 68 Mbps                                      b) 34 Mbps
- c) 17 Mbps                                      d) 85 Mbps.

ix) The channel capacity of a 5 kHz bandwidth binary system is

- a) 10000 bits/sec                                      b) 5000 bits/sec
- c) 8000 bits/sec                                      d) 4000 bits/sec.

x) ..... is most affected by noise.

- a) PSK                                      b) ASK
- c) FSK                                      d) DPSK.

xi) ISI is

- a) Inter Sample Interference
- b) Intra sample Interference
- c) Inter Symbol Interference
- d) Intra Sample Interference.

xii) The step size of Delta Modulation is

- a) Continuously changing
- b) Discretely changing
- c) Increased gradually
- d) Fixed.

### GROUP - B

#### ( Short Answer Type Questions )

Answer any *three* of the following.                      3 × 5 = 15

2. Given the data stream 1001101. Sketch the transmitted sequence of rectangular pulses for each of the following line codes :                      5 × 1

(i) Unipolar NRZ

(ii) Unipolar RZ

(iii) Polar RZ

(iv) Polar NRZ

(v) Bipolar NRZ.

3. Draw the waveform of ASK, PSK and FSK for the input bit sequence 00111011. 1 + 2 + 2
4. Show that in case of AM with modulation index equal to 1, only 33.33% of the transmitted power is used to carry information.
5. a) Considering a sinusoidal modulating signal  $m(t)$  and carrier  $c(t)$ , draw the following waveforms :
  - (i) AM signal
  - (ii) FM signal.
- b) If the modulation index of AM signal is greater than unity, what problems will be encountered during demodulation ? 2 + 2 + 1
6. What is a PN sequence ? What are the properties of PN sequence ? 2 + 3

**GROUP - C**

**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following. 3 × 15 = 45

7. a) Derive the general expression for PM and FM wave. Hence comment on the relationship between them.
- b) What is Carson's Bandwidth ?

- c) A 300 W carrier is modulated on a depth of 55%. Calculate the total power in the modulated wave in the following forms of AM.
  - (i) DSB with carrier
  - (ii) DSB with suppressed carrier. 6 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3
8. a) State and explain Sampling theorem ?
- b) Explain with a suitable block diagram how an analog signal is converted to digital signal using PCM ?
- c) What are the desirable properties of line codes ?
- d) What are the disadvantages of BPSK and how is it improved ? 4 + 5 + 2 + 4
9. a) What is Inter Symbol Interference (ISI) ?
- b) What is Nyquist criteria for zero ISI ?
- c) Explain Matched Filter.
- d) Compare Bit Rate with Baud Rate.
- e) What is Shannon's limit ? 4 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 2

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10. a) Define source entropy and information rate. Write down the Shannon's theorem.
- b) Define Shannon-Fano algorithm for encoding.
- c) A discrete source emits one of five symbols once every millisecond with probabilities  $1/2$ ,  $1/4$ ,  $1/8$ ,  $1/16$ ,  $1/16$ . Obtain the source entropy and information rate using Shannon-Fano algorithm.  $5 + 5 + 5$
11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :  $3 \times 5$
- a) VSB modulation
- b) Envelop Detector
- c) Delta modulation
- d) Eye Pattern
- e) Hartley-Shannon Law.
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