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CS/B.TECH(ECE/EE/EEE/EIE/PWE/BME/ICE)(0)/SEM-3/M-302/2012-13

2012 MATHEMATICS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) If $f(z) = \overline{z}$, then f'(0) is
 - a) 1

b) - 1

c) 0

d) does not exist.

ii) If f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y), then f'(z) is

- a) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} \mathbf{i} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{y}}$
- b) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \mathbf{i} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$
- c) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} + \mathbf{i} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$
- d) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{i} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{y}}$.

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The probability $P(a \le X \le b)$ iii)

> [where F(x) is distribution function of a continuous random variable X] is defined by

- F(a) F(b) b) F(b) + F(a)
- c) F(b) F(a) d) F(a) F(b).
- iv) The number of vertices of odd degree in an undirected graph is even.
 - a) True

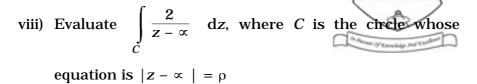
- b) False.
- Let G be a graph with n vertices and e edges. G has a v) vertex of degree *m* s.t.
 - a) $m = \frac{2e}{n}$
- b) $m \le \frac{2e}{n}$
- c) $m > \frac{2e}{n}$ d) $m \ge \frac{2e}{n}$.
- Given, $P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{3}$, $P(AB) = \frac{1}{4}$. The value of $P(\bar{A}\bar{B})$ is

c)

- d) $\frac{7}{12}$.
- Two variables x and y are related by x = 2y + 5. The median of x is 25. The median of y is
 - 9 a)

b) 10

c) 8 d) 20.



a) $4\pi i$

b) $2\pi i$

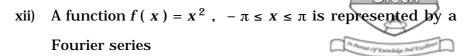
c) $\frac{\pi i}{2}$

- d) πi .
- ix) A purse contains 4 copper coins, 3 silver coins and an another purse contains 6 copper coins and 2 silver coins. A purse is chosen at random and a coin is taken out of it. The probability that it is a copper coin is
 - a) $\frac{4}{7}$

b) $\frac{3}{4}$

c) $\frac{3}{7}$

- d) $\frac{37}{56}$.
- x) A vertex of a tree is a cut vertex iff its degree is
 - a) greater than 1
- b) greater than 2
- c) equal to 1
- d) equal to 2.
- xi) If x = 4y + 5 and y = kx + 4 be two regression equations of x on y and y on x respectively, then the value of k lies in the interval
 - a) [4, 5]
- b) [0, 4]
- c) [0, 5]
- d) none of these.



$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$
. Then the value of

$$b_n$$
 is

a)
$$\frac{2\pi^2}{3}$$

b)
$$\frac{4(-1)^n}{3}$$

d) none of these.

xiii) The period of the function $f(x) = \sin 2\pi x$ is

a)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

d)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
.

xiv) The order of the pole z = 0 of function $\frac{\sin z}{z^3}$ is

xv) Let *G* be a connected graph with *n* vertices and *e* edges and *T* be a spanning tree of *G*. Then *T* has

a)
$$n + 1$$
 branches, $e - n - 1$ edges

b)
$$n-1$$
 branches, $e+n-1$ edges

c)
$$n-1$$
 branches, $e-n+1$ edges

d)
$$n + 1$$
 branches, $e + n + 1$ edges.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)



- 2. Expand $f(z) = \sin z$ in a Taylor series about $z = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
- 3. Define component of a graph. Prove that a simple graph with n vertices and K components can have at most $\frac{1}{2}(n-K)$ (n-K+1) edges.
- 4. a) Suppose *G* is a non-directed graph with 12 edges. If *G* has 6 vertices each of degree 3 and the rest have degree less than 3, find the minimum number of vertices *G* can have.
 - b) Determine the poles and residue at each pole of the function $f(z) = \cot z$. 3 + 2
- 5. a) Compute Spearman's rank correlation coefficient r for the following data :

Person A J Rank in statistics 2 3 10 6 1 2 5 6 7 Rank in income 3 4 10

- b) Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. 3 + 2
- 6. State and prove Bayes' theorem.
- 7. Find the Fourier series to represent $x x^2$ from $x = -\pi$ to $x = \pi$ and hence find the value of $1 \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{16} + \dots$.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 8. a) For two variables x and y the equations of two regression lines are x + 4y + 3 = 0 and 4x + 9y + 5 = 0. Identify which one is 'of y on x'. Find the means of x and y. Find the correlation coefficient between x and y. Estimate the value of x when y = 1.5.
 - b) The mean and s.d. of marks of 70 students were found to be 65 and 5.2 respectively. Later it was detected that the value 85 was recorded wrongly and therefore it was removed from the data set. Then find the mean and s.d. for the remaining 69 students.
 - c) Find the median from the following data:

Class: 130-134 135-139 140-144 145-149 150-154 155-159 160-164 Frequency: 5 15 28 24 17 10 1 5+5+5

9. a) If a random variable X follows normal distribution such that

$$P(9.6 \le X \le 13.8) = 0.7008$$
 and

$$P(X \ge 9.6) = 0.8159$$
, where

$$\int_{0.9}^{0.9} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt = 0.8159 \text{ and } \int_{0.9}^{1.2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt = 0.8849,$$

find the mean and variance of *X*.



- b) In answering a question on a multiple choice test, a student either knows the answer or he guesses. Let P be the probability that he knows the answer and 1-p be the probability that he guesses. Assume that a student who guesses the answer will be correct with probability $\frac{1}{5}$. What is the conditional probability that a student knew the answer to a question given that he answered it correctly?
- c) The overall percentage of failures in a certain examination is 40. What is the probability that out of a group of 6 candidates at least 4 passed the examination? 5+5+5
- 10. a) Evaluate $\int\limits_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{5+4\cos \theta} \ d\theta \ using \ Cauchy's \ Residue$ theorem.
 - b) Use the method of least-squares to fit a linear curve $y = a_0 + a_1 x$ to fit the data :

x i	2	4	6	8
y i	11	21	31	41

c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ in a Laurent's series valid for

$$0 < |z+1| < 2.$$

7 + 3 + 5

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- 11. a) Prove that the number of vertices of odd degree in a graph is always even.
 - b) Show that $u(x, y) = x^3 3xy^2$ is harmonic in C and find a function v(x, y) such that f(z) = u + iv is analytic.
 - c) Find the Fourier Transform of the function

$$f(x) = 1, |x| \le a$$

= 0, |x| > a.

Hence evaluate

$$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin sa \cos sx}{s} \, ds \, . \qquad 3 + 6 + 6$$