



**MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF
TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL**

Paper Code : CS-703C

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

<http://www.makaut.com>

Full Marks: 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Answer all groups.

Group – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1×10=10

1. Choose the correct alternative of the following:

- (i) Frame is a collection of
- (a) Slots (b) Fillers
(c) Resolutions (d) Knowledges
- (ii) A Bayesian network is a
- (a) tree (b) directed graph
(c) undirected graph (d) None of these
- (iii) Horn clause is a clause with _____ positive literals.
- (a) at most one (b) at most two
(c) at least one (d) at most four
- (iv) An algorithm that gives optimal solution is <http://www.makaut.com>
- (a) Hill climbing (b) BFS
(c) Blind search (d) A*
- (v) Uniformed search is also known as:
- (a) Brute force search (b) Hill climbing search
(c) Worst case search (d) Blind search

- (vi) The process of eliminating existential quantifiers is known as
- (a) Resolution (b) Skolemisation
(c) Unification (d) None of these
- (vii) The rule used to change weight in Neural Network (NN) is
- (a) Kirchoff's rule (b) Hebb's rule
(c) Boehm's rule (d) None of these
- (viii) Inheritable knowledge is best represented by: <http://www.makaut.com>
- (a) Semantic net (b) FOPL
(c) Database (d) None of these
- (ix) Minimax algorithm search process obeys
- (a) breadth first search fashion. (b) depth first search fashion.
(c) best first search fashion. (d) blind search fashion.
- (x) Depth first search procedure uses
- (a) AND graph (b) OR graph
(c) AND-OR graph (d) None of these

Group – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

5×3=15

2. Compare and contrast Best First and Hill climbing search. 5
3. What is an agent in AI? What are the types of agent? Discuss about environment for agent. 1+2+2=5
4. What is bling search technique? Explain with examples. <http://www.makaut.com> 5
5. What is tautology? Prove that $((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow P) \rightarrow P$ is a tautology. What are Modus Ponens and Modus Tollens? 1+2+2=5
6. Write iterative deepening algorithm with example. 5

Group – C
(Long Answer Type Questions)
Answer any three of the following.

15×3=45

7. Suppose you have the following search space:

| State | Next | Cost |
|-------|------|------|
| A | B | 4 |
| A | C | 1 |
| B | D | 3 |
| B | E | 8 |
| C | C | 0 |
| C | D | 2 |
| C | F | 6 |
| D | C | 2 |
| D | E | 4 |
| E | G | 2 |
| F | G | 8 |

Assume that the initial state is A and the goal state is G. Show how each of the following search strategies would create a search tree to find a path from the initial state to the goal state and the cost of the solution:

(i) Breadth-first search <http://www.makaut.com>

(ii) Depth-first search

(iii) Iterative deepening search

5+5+5=15

8. (a) What do you mean by constraint satisfaction problem? Solve the following cryptology problem using constraint satisfaction search:

SEND
MORE

=====

MONEY

(b) Write a program in PROLOG to compute the GCD of two numbers.

10+5=15

9. (a) What is 'Horn Clause'? <http://www.makaut.com>

(b) What is Skolemisation?

(c) Given the following text 'Everyone who enters in a theatre has to buy a ticket. Person who doesn't have money can't buy a ticket. Vinod enters a theatre'. Prove by resolution that 'Vinod has money'.

(d) With the help of semantic net, prove that Sourav is 6 feet tall and he is taller than Sachin. 2+3+5+5=15

10. (a) Briefly explain the steps of Natural Language Processing
(b) Generate the parse tree for the sentence 'The boy went to School'. 3+5+7=15
(c) Explain AO* algorithm with a suitable example. 5x3=15
11. Write short notes on *any three* of the following: <http://www.makaut.com>
- (a) Conceptual graph
 - (b) Alpha-Beta pruning in min-max search
 - (c) A* search
 - (d) The steps for transforming into Clause Form
 - (e) Expert Systems
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