

# CS/B.Tech (CHE)/SEM-7/HU-715/2010-11 <br> 2010-11 <br> INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT 

Time Allotted : 3 Hours
Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A
( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : $10 \times 1=10$
i) Financial management deals with
a) planning and controlling the firm's financial resources
b) budgeting of resources
c) dividend decision
d) all of these.
ii) Capital structure is
a) the responsibilities of different finance managers to allocate funds
b) right mix of equity and debt
c) expenditure towards cost of raw materials, labour, machines in preferential order
d) none of these.

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iii) One of the primary goals of business firms is maximizing EPS which is
a) gross profit/number of shares
b) operating profit/number of shares
c) net profit/number of shares
d) PBIT / number of shares.
iv) Current ratio is
a) total debt/current liability
b) current assets/current liabilities
c) current worth/capital employed
d) current sales/net assets.
v) Gross profit margin is
a) gross profit/sales
b) profit after tax/sales
c) EBIT / sales
d) both (b) \& (c).
vi) Risk is measured by
a) standard deviation
b) variance
c) expected return
d) normal deviation.
vii) Preference shareholders
a) receive dividends at a fixed rate
b) don't guarantee receipt of dividends
c) don't receive any dividends
d) may get depending on the discretion of management.
viii) $x+y \geq 5$ to $x+y+z=5, z$ is a
a) slack variable
b) surplus variable
c) artificial variable
d) both (b) \& (c).
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x) The dual of a dual problem is

| a) primal | b) dual |
| :--- | :--- |
| c) both of these | d) none of these. |

x) In a transportation problem with $m$ origin and $n$ destinations ( balanced ) the number of independent constraints are
a) $m+n$
b) $m n$
c) $m+n-1$
d) $m+n+1$.

## GROUP - B

( Short Answer Type Guestions )
Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 5=15$
2. Your friend wants to borrow from you Rs. 1600 today and return to you Rs. 700, Rs. 600 and Rs. 500 in the year 1 through 3 as principal plus interest. What return would you earn if rate of return is $8 \%$ ? Would you confirm the deal ? Justify.
3. Distinguish between method study and vs work measurement.
4. How do you explain the concept of quality control ?
5. Distinguish between fund flow statement and cash flow statement.
6. State different factors that facilitates a plant location.
7. a) What do you mean by Economic Order Quantity ? Establish the EOQ Model when unit price of a given item is fixed.
b) A chemical firm buys 2500 units annually of a particular item from a vendor at a cost of ₹ 3 per unit. It has now received a revised price schedule from the vendor which is as follows :

| Order Guantity | Price per unit |
| :---: | :---: |
| Less than 500 units | ₹ 3.00 |
| 500 to 1250 units | ₹ 2.90 |
| 1250 units or more | $₹ 2.85$ |

The cost of placing an order and executing the delivery once is ₹ 25 and the inventory carrying cost as a percentage of average inventory investment is $20 \%$. Determine the economic ordered quantity of the item.
8. Discuss different Schools of Management Thought according to F. W. Taylor and Henry Fayol. Explain the principal functions of Management.
9. a) What do you mean by the term "Acceptance Sampling" and what are the four parameters of an OC curve ?
b) From the following data observed during inspection of dimensions of an item determine the following :
i) Mean/average dimension
ii) Upper control limit
iii) Lower control limit
iv) Plot the dimensions to see whether process is under control or not

Data :
$1.65 \quad 1.50$
$1.70 \quad 2.00$
$2.00 \quad 1.70$
$1.65 \quad 2.25$
$2.50 \quad 2.50$
$2.25 \quad 1.50$
$1 \cdot 70 \quad 2 \cdot 25$
$1.60 \quad 1.60$
$1 \cdot 65$
$1 \cdot 60$

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7+8
$$

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10. The following table gives dividend and share price data of Hind Manufacturing company :
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| Year | Dividend per share | Closing share price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1994 | 2.50 | 12.25 |
| 1995 | 2.50 | 14.20 |
| 1996 | 2.50 | 17.50 |
| 1997 | 3.00 | 16.75 |
| 1998 | 3.00 | 18.45 |
| 1999 | 3.25 | 22.25 |
| 2000 | 3.50 | 23.50 |

Calculate :
i) Annual rate of return
ii) The expected rate of return
iii) The variance
iv) The standard deviation of return.
11. The production manager of $X Y Z$ Co. desires to majntain an inventory of raw materials equal to the budgeted production needs for the next two months. Each unit of product takes 10 kg of raw material. Inventory of finished goods is usually maintained at one and half times of the following month's sales. The forecast sales of next 6 month's in units are as follows :

| Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3600 | 4200 | 3200 | 4800 | 5600 | 3800 |

On 31st December, last year there were $80,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ of raw material on hand and 5600 units on finished goods.

Prepare -
i) budget for production
ii) budget for purchase of raw material in units as many month's possible.
$7+8$

