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2014

Automotive Air Conditioning

Time Alloted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figure in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

Choose the correct atternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

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- i) Dehumidification is the process of removing moisture from air with dry bulb temperature
 - a) increasing
 - b) decreasing
 - c) corresponding to saturation condition.
 - d) None of the above.
- The comfort conditions in air conditioning system are ii) defined by
 - a) 22°C dry bulb temperature (DBT) and 60% relative humidity (RH)

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[Turn over]

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- b) 25°C DBT and 100% RH
- c) 20°C DBT and 75% RH
- d) 15°C DBT and 80% RH
- Sensible heating is needed to
 - a) vaporize water into steam and vice versa
 - b) change temperature of liquid or vapour
 - c) convert water into steam and superheat it.
 - d) measure dew point temperature
- The comfort conditions in air conditioning system are defined by
 - a) 25°C dry bulb temperature (DBT) and 60% relative humidity (RH)
 - b) 20°C DBT and 75% RH
 - c) 15°C DBT and 80% RH
 - d) None of the above.
- Air is dehumidified by
 - a) heating
 - b) ooling
 - c) chemical absorption
 - d) a and c
- The vapour compression refrigerator employs the following cycle.
 - a) Rankine
 - b) Carnot
 - c) Braton
 - d) None of the above. .

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- The refrigerant should have.
 - a) high total heat
 - b) Low latent heat
 - c) low sensible heat.
 - d) none of the above.
- viii) The value of COP in vapour compression cycle is usually
 - a) always less than unity
 - b) equal to unity '.
 - c) any one of the above
 - d) none of the above.
- In vapour compression refrigeration system, refrigerant occurs as liquid between.
 - a) condenser and expansion valve
 - b) compressor and evaporator
 - c) compressor and condenser
 - d) none of the above.
- The coefficient of performance is the ratio of refrigerant effect to the .
 - a) work done by compressor
 - b) enthalpy increase in compressor
 - c) all of the above
 - d) none of the above.

In sensible heating/cooling, following parameter remains constant

a) dry wet bulb temperature

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- b) wet bulb temperature
- c) relative humidity
- d) enthalpy

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. 3x5 = 15

- 2. Sketch the T-s and p-H diagram for the vapour compression cycles when the vapour after compression is
 - dry saturated, and
 - ii) wet saturated
- Define the following:
 - i) specific humidity
 - ii) Absolute humidity;
 - iii) Relative humidity;
 - iv) Dew point temperature.
- Establish the following expression for air vapour mixture.

$$W = 0.622 (P_{y}/(P_{y}-P_{y}))$$

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- 5. What is the purpose of a thermostat in the air conditioning system.? Explain with a neat sketch the function of the thermostat. Indicate where it is placed in automobile.
- 6. What are the factors responsible for automobile compartment heating and heat absorption?

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions) Answer any three of the following. 3x15=45

- a) Describe with schematic diagram, the working principal of the refrigeration cycle used in an Automobile.
 - b) Draw and explain the T-S and P-h diagram of simple vapour compression refrigeration system for dry saturated vapour after compression.

(9+6)

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8. A vapour compression refrigeration works between the pressure limits of 60 kgf/cm² and 25 kgf/cm² the working fluids is just dry at the end of compression and there is no under cooling of the liquid before the expansion valve. Determine: (a)C.O.P. of the cycle, and (b) capacity of the refrigerator if the fluid flow is at the rate of 5 kg/min.

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Pressure Kgt/cm²	Saturation temp. K	Enthalpy Kcal/kg		Entropy Kcal/kg/K	
		Liquid	Vapour	Liquid	Vapour
60	295	14.8	49.7	0.047	0.167
25	261	-4.4	56	-0.018	0.214

(15)

- a) Discuss the common problems and their remedies in automobile air-conditioning system.;
 - b) What are the causes of excessive heat in a car air conditioning system?
 - c) Discuss suitable method for decreasing heat load through window of Automobile.

(5+5+5)

- 10. Wright Short Notes (any three)
 - (a) Human comfort factors.
 - (b) Thermostatic valves.
 - (c) Compressor in the automobile air conditioning system.
 - (d) Duet system of automobile air conditioning systems.

(5+5+5)

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11. A car of 25 person capacity is provided air conditioning of a system with following data:

Outdoor conditions 34°C DBT and 28°C WBT, required comfort conditions 24°C DBT and 50% R.H. outdoor air supplied 4m³/min/person,sensible heat load 125600 kJ/hr Latent heat load 42000 kJ/hr.Find the sensible heat factor of the system. What would be the change of heat load if no. of person in the car becomes 15?

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