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SEM-3/PH-301/2019-20



**MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF  
TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL**

Paper Code : PH-301

PUID : 03003 ( To be mentioned in the main answer script )

**PHYSICS-II**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**GROUP - A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following : 10 × 1 = 10

i) A butterfly is flying inside a hollow sphere. What is the type of constrain ?

- a) Holonomic                      b) Non-holonomic  
c) Scleronomic                      d) Rheonomic.

ii) A cube of side  $a$  is placed in a uniform electric field  $\vec{E} = \hat{i} E_0$ . the total electric flux through the cube is

- a)  $2a^2 E_0$                       b)  $6a^2 E_0$   
c)  $4a^2 E_0$                       d) 0.

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iii) The relation between  $\vec{D}$  (Displacement vector),  $\vec{E}$  (Electric field) and  $\vec{P}$  (Polarization vector) is

- a)  $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{E} - \vec{P}$                       b)  $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P}$   
c)  $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{P} + \vec{E}$                       d)  $\vec{D} = \vec{E} + \vec{P}/\epsilon_0$ .

iv) The differential form of Ampere's circuital law is

- a)  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$                       b)  $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$   
c)  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \vec{J}$                       d)  $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \vec{J}$ .

v) The direction of propagation of electromagnetic wave is given by

- a) along  $\vec{E} \cdot \vec{B}$                       b) along  $\vec{E} \times \vec{B}$   
c) along  $\vec{B}$                       d) along  $\vec{E}$ .

vi) An electric dipole placed in a non-uniform electric field experiences

- a) a torque but not a force  
b) a force as well as a torque  
c) a force but not a torque  
d) neither a force nor a torque.

vii) The two parallel wires carry current along opposite directions. The resultant force experienced by the two wires is

- a) repulsive                      b) attractive  
c) torsional                      d) no force.

viii) For any scalar function  $\phi = xyz$ , Curl ( grad  $\phi$  ) at ( 1, 1, 1 ) is

- a)  $(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$       b)  $2(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$   
c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$       d) 0.

ix) If a charged particle of mass  $m$  is accelerated through potential difference  $V$ , the de-Broglie wavelength is proportional to

- a)  $V$       b)  $V^{-\frac{1}{2}}$   
c)  $V^2$       d)  $V^{\frac{2}{3}}$ .

x) If a wave function  $\psi(x)$  is normalized, then

$$\iiint \psi^*(x) \psi(x) dv \text{ is}$$

- a) 0      b)  $\infty$   
c) 1      d) 1/2.

xi) A coin is tossed  $n$  times. The number of microstates is

- a)  $2^n$       b)  $2n!$   
c)  $n^2$       d)  $2^n / n!$

xii) The Fermi energy of a free electron gas depends on the electron density  $n$  as

- a)  $n^{\frac{1}{3}}$       b)  $n^{-\frac{1}{3}}$   
c)  $n^{\frac{2}{3}}$       d)  $n^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ .

xiii) For a projectile with position co-ordinate (  $x, y, z$  ), the number of cyclic co-ordinates is

- a) 1      b) 2  
c) 3      d) 4.

xiv) The value of  $[\hat{x}, \hat{p}^n]$  is

- a)  $i\hbar n p_x^{n-1}$       b)  $i\hbar n x^{n-1}$   
c)  $i\hbar p_x^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$       d) 0.

xv) The degrees of freedom of a system consisting of  $N$  particles subjected to  $l$  number of constraints is equal to <http://www.makaut.com>

- a)  $(3N + l)$       b)  $(3Nl)$   
c)  $(3N)^l$       d)  $(3N - l)$ .

### GROUP - B

#### ( Short Answer Type Questions )

Answer any three of the following.  $3 \times 5 = 15$

- a) If the function  $\phi(x, y, z) = 2xy + z^2$ , is its corresponding field solenoidal or irrotational?
- b) Derive the Coulomb law from Gauss' law.  $3 + 2$
3. A capacitor is made of two spherical sphere conductors of radii  $a$  and  $b$  ( where  $a < b$  ), with vacuum in the intervening space. If the external sphere is kept at ground and the outer one has a charge density  $\sigma$ , then solve the Laplace's equation to find the electrostatic potential in the space between the spheres.

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4. a) Derive the expression of momentum operator. Show that 'position' operator and 'momentum' operator are not commutative.
- b) Write down the Lagrangian for a freely falling particle under gravity.  $(2 + 2) + 1$
5. a) State Ampere's circuital law and deduce its differential form.
- b) Prove that  $\vec{E} = \sin(y - t)\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{B} = \sin(y - t)\hat{i}$  constitute a possible electromagnetic field.

$(1 + 2) + 2$

6. a) Consider a three particle system each of which can exist in a energy state  $\epsilon_1$ ,  $\epsilon_2$  and  $\epsilon_3$ . What are the possible states, if the particles are (i) bosons, (ii) fermions?
- b) Draw and explain the Fermi distribution function at (i)  $T = 0$  K (ii)  $T > 0$  K.  $3 + 2$

### GROUP - C

#### ( Long Answer Type Questions )

Answer any three of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) In a region of space, the electric field is given by  $\vec{E} = 3\hat{i} + 5\hat{k}$ . Calculate the electric flux through a surface area 100 square unit in X-Y plane.
- b) Explain electronic polarization of a dielectric material and find an expression for electronic polarizability in terms of radius of the atom.

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- c) Show that the equation of continuity is given by  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{j} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = 0$ , where the symbols have their usual meanings.
- d) What are the limitations of Newtonian mechanics?

$3 + (1 + 5) + 4 + 2$

8. a) Establish the relation  $\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P}$ , where the symbols have their usual meanings.
- b) If a charged particle of charge 0.5C is moving with a velocity  $3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$  m/s through an electric  $\vec{E} = 5\hat{i} + 5\hat{k}$  and magnetic field induction  $\vec{B} = 2\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ , then calculate the magnitude and direction of total Lorentz force.
- c) Find out Hamilton's equation of motion for a system comprising masses  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  connected by a massless string of length  $L$  through a frictionless pulley such that  $M_1 > M_2$ .

- d) What is skin depth?  $4 + 5 + 5 + 1$

9. a) Write down the Maxwell's field equations. hence, derive the electromagnetic wave equation in terms of electric vector ( in vacuum ).

- b) State the basic postulates of quantum mechanics.

- c) If the atomic weight and density of silver are 108 gm/mole and  $10.5 \text{ gm/cm}^3$  respectively, find the Fermi energy of silver at  $T = 0$  K (considering one free electron per atom).  $(2 + 3) + 5 + 5$

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10. a) Write down Schrödinger equation for one dimensional motion of a free particle in an infinite deep potential well. Find its eigenfunction and eigenenergy.
- b) What is phase space? Derive the expression of density of state in energy range  $E$  to  $E + dE$  in phase space.
- c) The maximum electric field in an EM wave 800 V/m. Find the maximum value of magnetic intensity and the average value of Poynting vector.
11. a) Find the magnetic field of a circular loop carrying current  $I$  on a point on the axis of the loop.
- b) A short conductor of length 5 cm is placed parallel to a conductor of length 1.5 m. Both conductors carry a current of 3A and 2A respectively in the same direction. Find the nature and magnitude of the force experienced by the long conductor for their separation 3 cm.
- c) What are the advantages of generalized coordinate?
- d) Obtain the equation of motion of a simple pendulum using Lagrange equation.

5 + (1 + 4) + 5

5 + 3 + 2 + 5

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12. a) Derive Planck's law of black body radiation from Bose-Einstein statistics.
- b) A system has three energy states  $\epsilon$ ,  $2\epsilon$  and  $3\epsilon$ .  $\psi_1$ ,  $\psi_2$  and  $\psi_3$  are the corresponding normalized wave functions. At an instant the system is in a superpose state  $\psi + c_1\psi_1 + c_2\psi_2 + c_3\psi_3$  and  $c_1 = \sqrt{(1/3)}$  and  $c_2 = \sqrt{(1/3)}$ .
- i) Find  $c_3$  if  $\psi$  is normalized.
- ii) Find out the expectation value of energy.
- c) Derive the Maxwell's wave equation for a charge free non-conducting medium. Hence prove that speed of light in a non-conducting medium is less than the speed of light in vacuum.

5 + (2 + 3) + 5

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