



Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/BSCM/SEM-6/BSCM-605/2010

2010

SOCIAL RESEARCH METHOD

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Research design can be classified as
 - a) Open and closed end
 - b) Explanatory, descriptive and casual research
 - c) Both of these
 - d) None of these.
- ii) Secondary data can be collected through
 - a) Online database b) Case studies
 - c) Mechanical devices d) Observation.
- iii) is a set of elements taken from a large population according to certain rules.
 - a) Sample b) Population
 - c) Statistics d) Element.



- iv) Variables are
 - a) Estimates
 - b) Hypothesis
 - c) Types of data
 - d) Characteristics being measured.
- v) A hypothesis is
 - a) a fact already proven by the researcher
 - b) a subset of population
 - c) non-representative of the population
 - d) may or may not be a part of population.
- vi) Designing a research study means
 - a) Data gathering
 - b) Data analysis
 - c) Selecting a research design
 - d) Designing data interrelationship.
- vii) Which of the following contribute(s) to the effectiveness of a report presentation ?
 - a) Content
 - b) Context
 - c) Medium
 - d) All of these.



viii) Which of the following is a method of data collection ?

- a) Questionnaire b) Interviewing
- c) Observation d) All of these.

ix) Case study is a study of

- a) individuals b) events
- c) situation d) none of these.

x) Primary data is

- a) collected directly from field
- b) collected from library
- c) collected from newspaper
- d) collected from research article.

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. State the advantages of using questionnaire.
3. Discuss the essentials of a good research design.
4. Define 'data'. Give some examples.
5. State the objectives of research.
6. Define data and information. Give example.



GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) State the importance of data.
b) Explain different methods of primary data collection ?
 $5 + 10$
8. a) What do you mean by research process ?
b) Describe different stages of research process in detail.
c) Which stage do you feel most crucial and why ?
 $4 + 8 + 3$
9. a) Mention the different steps in Report writing.
b) Explain the layout of the research report. $8 + 7$
10. a) Write down the difference between questionnaires and schedules.
b) Construct a questionnaire to explore attitude of college students regarding " Global Supply Chain". $5 + 10$
11. a) What is scientific method ?
b) What are its bases ?
c) Compare between applied research and pure research with examples. $4 + 5 + 6$
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